

ARREST SUGAR MAN

Checker, Accused of Fixing Scales, in Toils Again.

INDICTED ON A NEW CHARGE

This, Likely, Will Be Last Arrest in Investigation Until Additional Evidence Is in Hands of Attorneys. Witnesses Said They Saw Kehoe Tampering with Weights.

New York, May 5.—Thomas Kehoe, one of the men whom the government charges with manipulating the sugar scales on the Williamsburg docks of the Havemeyer & Elders Refinery, was arrested in Brooklyn to-day by the United States marshal for that district, and was held by Judge Chaffin, in the United States Circuit Court, in \$2,500 for examination. When arrested Kehoe was being held having been indicted on a similar charge about two years ago by the Federal grand jury, in Brooklyn.

This arrest followed an indictment found by the Federal grand jury last Monday, on evidence presented by special assistants to United States Attorneys Stimson and Dennison, who are prosecuting the alleged sugar fraud cases. No other arrests will be made until additional evidence is in the hands of the government.

Kehoe is the man who, the government says, was caught actually using the fraudulent scales on the sugar scales. This is said to have been discovered in November, 1907. Kehoe has been a checker in the employ of the American Sugar Refining Company for about twelve years.

On the trial of the sugar cases in the United States District Court witnesses testified of having seen Kehoe tampering with the scales on various occasions between 1906 and November, 1907.

DISCUSS TARIFF PROBLEMS.

Economic Club Gives Fourth Dinner at the Hotel Astor.

New York, May 5.—"Tariff problems" occupied the attention of the Economic Club of New York at its fourth dinner of the season this evening. The ballroom of the Hotel Astor was crowded from 7:30 till midnight. President A. Barton Hepburn was in the chair.

No speech was listened to with more interest than that of Kenyon Cox, who spoke against "The tariff on works of art." Mr. Cox was a serious and emphatic as he always looks, but he enlivened his speech with humorous references. Theodore P. Shonts talked on "Wages, prices, and the tariff." Henry R. Towne on "A permanent tariff commission," and W. Bourke Cockran made what a man in the corridor called an "elliptical" free trade speech eight columns long under the title "The tariff and the people."

CARRIER PLEADS GUILTY.

Court Imposes Fine on Western Railroad.

The Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railway Company has entered a plea of guilty on two counts of an indictment for violations of the Elkins act, which prohibits departmental tariff carriers from the lawfully established rates. The court has imposed a fine of \$1,000 and costs on each count.

The United States attorney for the Western district of Missouri advised the Department of Justice this effect yesterday. The fine imposed is deemed adequate, because the railroad did not favor certain shippers at the expense of others.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Washington, Wednesday, May 5, 1909, 3 p. m. The Western war was advanced over the Central Valley Wednesday, with a high of 60 degrees in the Mississippi and Missouri valleys. In the extreme Northwest there was a decided fall in temperature.

Storms occurred in New England and northern portion of the Middle Atlantic States. Elsewhere the weather was fair.

During Thursday the warm wave will advance over the Atlantic States, and the temperature will fall rapidly in the West and Northwest.

The cold wave will extend over the Mississippi and lower Ohio valleys by Thursday night, and will reach the Atlantic seaboard Friday night or Saturday.

The advance of the cold wave will be attended by rain and severe wind storms.

The winds along the New England and Middle Atlantic coasts will be moderate to brisk, with a high of 60 to 65 degrees, and a low of 45 to 50 degrees.

Steady winds blowing from the west and west-northwest, with a high of 60 to 65 degrees, and a low of 45 to 50 degrees.

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As it Bubbles

from the spring in the south of France, Perrier is bottled with Nature's own effervescence—delicate, invigorating, healthful. Its difference from made waters, charged with manufactured acid gas, is the difference between health and harm.



COST IN CUBA GREAT

Island Owes Fully \$7,000,000 for Intervention.

BILL MAY NEVER BE PAID

Question as to Whether United States Can Call Upon Southern Republic to Make Up Expense—Items Charged Only for Extraordinary Outlay Above Regular Cost.

The government of Cuba now owes that of the United States between \$7,000,000 and \$8,000,000 on account of the expenses of the army and Marine Corps during the recent intervention, when the army of Cuban pacification was sent into Cuba and kept there for several months more than two years.

There are powerful people in the government who believe that when the United States was given by Cuba the right to intervene should things go wrong in the island, the United States incurred the obligation for the expenses of such intervention. The matter has not been under discussion recently, but probably will be brought up before long, possibly in Congress. Some members of the House have expressed interest in the question, and have been seeking information as to the amount Cuba owes this government. As far as can be learned, nothing has ever been said to the Cubans about the matter, and their attitude on the subject is not a matter of record. If the United States should insist upon payment, the Cuban government doubtless will settle.

Increased Expense Figured.

Cuba is not supposed to reimburse the United States for pay of officers and men, or for rations and forage, for this government would have borne that expense if the troops had never been sent to Cuba. But extraordinary expenses, such as transportation, a large item, and foreign service pay have been included in the bill. A soldier serving abroad gets 20 per cent increased pay and an officer receives 10 per cent more than if he remained at home. This increased pay is considered as rightfully belonging on the account.

Extraordinary expenses as far as now known amount to \$6,125,564.50. This sum does not include the account of the quartermaster general's department, which is a tremendous item, covering the transportation of the entire army from Cuba to the United States and its distribution after its arrival here.

The cost of all this will amount to \$10,000,000, and possibly a good deal more. The cost of getting the army to Cuba was nearly \$2,000,000, but the army was sent down on chartered boats, and in a great hurry, increasing the cost greatly, while it was brought back gradually in army transports and navy boats. For the return trip the only vessel chartered was a steamer to take the horses from Havana to Tampa.

In 1907 it was evidently the thought of Congress that Cuba should reimburse the United States for the deficiency bill of June 30 of that year said:

"The President is hereby authorized to receive from the treasury of the Cuban republic, and pay into the Treasury of the United States, from time to time, the amounts to reimburse the United States for the expenditures from the United States Treasury, made necessary on account of the present intervention, as he may consider the Cuban treasury then able to pay without serious embarrassment."

SEMINARY STUDENT DIES.

Miss Nina R. Scheidt Passes Away at Home in Norristown, Pa.

Nina R. Scheidt, a student at the National Park Seminary in this city, died at her home in Norristown, Pa., on Monday night. She contracted typhoid fever while on her way home from school for the Easter holidays.

The young woman was eighteen years old and most popular with her classmates at the seminary. She was the daughter of Adam Scheidt, president of the Penn Trust Company, of Norristown, Pa.

PLEA FOR AMERICAN DRESSES.

Tailors' Association Wants D. A. R. to Oppose French Styles.

Mr. Scott, president general of the Daughters of the American Revolution, has received a request from Robert Plym, the president of the Ladies Tailors' Association, recently formed in this city, to give her support and enlist that of the Daughters in behalf of the association.

The aim of the tailors' association is nothing less than to discard the idea that France is the leader of woman's fashions, and to patronize American fabrics, styles, and tailors. The Ladies Tailors' Association declares French dresses cannot be worn by American women without first being remodeled to fit American figures, which are infinitely more perfect than the French. Mr. Plym further asserts that French dresses and gowns make women look like dolls, and that American women should be fitted with clothes which are stylish and at the same time dignified.

By patronizing American tailors, says Mr. Plym, millions of dollars will be kept in this country, and a new American industry will spring up, giving employment to thousands of practical dressmakers, designers, and artists.

Mrs. Scott is requested to take the matter up at the next board meeting of the society.

PEACE MAKERS QUIT

Conference Ends with Banquet at the Annex.

MANY NATIONS REPRESENTED

Pledges Made to Support Labors at The Hague—Socialism Is Rejected. Wu Ting-fang Says "Yellow Peril" Is Nonexistent—Army Not to Be Used Beyond Borders of Empire.



BOYLE JURY READY

Testimony in the Kidnapping Case Begins To-day.

URGE ANOTHER POSTPONEMENT

Woman Who Is Passing as the Wife of Kidnapper Laughs in the Face of Officer Serving Subpoena Directing Her to Present Letters in Court. Calls Attorneys "Wise Ones."

Mercer, Pa., May 5.—The jury which will try James Boyle for the kidnapping of little Willie Whittle, of Sharon, March 18 last, was completed at 5 o'clock this evening, and the taking of testimony will be begun to-morrow morning.

An attempt was made to-day to have it further postponed, and it was not until 4 o'clock this afternoon that the case was called by Judge Witman of Mercer County. It required but little time to select the jury, only twenty-eight men being called. The jury is composed mostly of farmers of standing in the county.

Boyle took a lively interest in the selecting of the jury, and at least two of the challenges were made by ex-Judge Miller. Boyle's wife, the alleged kidnapper's wife, laughed at the proceedings.

The woman who is passing as the wife of Boyle, wife of the kidnapper, and who will be tried here next, was the center of much comment to-day. She was served with papers, ordering her into court to-morrow as a witness against Boyle in the kidnapping case. She laughed in the face of the officer who served the subpoena, but when she read that she was expected to bring into court with her three letters which had been sent by the kidnappers to Whittle and returned by him when the \$10,000 ransom was paid over, she became quite sarcastic.

"Wise men," these attorneys, ain't they?" she said. "They are asking me to bring into court something that I haven't got, nor ever had, and they know I never had them. I suppose some of these wise ones will try to make me prove that I didn't have the letters."

The prosecution this afternoon received from Chicago the copy of a marriage certificate showing that Anna McDerby, the woman who is passing as the wife of Boyle, was married there February 4, 1906, to one Edward Shoeffler. The claim is made that she was never married to Boyle, and cannot claim exemption from testifying against him.

FEDERATION CLOSSES SESSION

Election of Officers at Meeting in the Afternoon.

Mrs. Charles M. Pepper Named as President of the Organization. Reports Are Read.

Election of officers yesterday afternoon closed the annual meeting of the District of Columbia Federation of Women's Clubs in the Eighth Street Temple.

The following were chosen: Mrs. Charles M. Pepper, president; Mrs. Josephine A. Rich, first vice president; Mrs. W. E. Andrews, second vice president; Mrs. Lydia Adams-Williams, recording secretary; Mrs. J. H. Stokes, corresponding secretary; Mrs. Flora J. McCreery, treasurer; Mrs. Helen R. Tindall, auditor; Mrs. Ellen Cromwell, general federation secretary.

The opening session was held in the morning, with the president for the year, Mrs. J. H. Stokes, in the chair. Annual reports of officers and chairmen of committees were read. Among those who reported were President Mrs. Engle, Vice Presidents Mrs. M. C. Pepper and Dr. A. E. Portman, Secretaries Mrs. Grace F. Hopkins and Mrs. J. H. Stokes, Treasurer Miss Flora McCreery, Auditor Mrs. H. R. Tindall, and the general federation secretary, Mrs. E. S. Cromwell.

Affairs of the organization were shown to be in excellent condition. Committee reports by the chairmen were made as follows: Art, Mrs. S. J. Croissant; child labor, Mrs. E. S. Mussey; civics, Mrs. R. Vandergrift; club extension, Mrs. J. H. Stokes; editorial, Mrs. Engle; waterways, Mrs. L. A. Williams; education, Mrs. B. Tulloch; forestry, Mrs. J. A. Rich; household economics, Mrs. G. P. Hopkins; legislation, Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood; literature, Mrs. E. S. Emerson; dress, Mrs. C. M. Pepper; printing, Mrs. H. B. Sperry; reciprocity, Mrs. W. E. Andrews, and social, Mrs. A. H. Weiss.

The closing session in the afternoon was devoted to the reading of reports by the presidents of various organizations affiliated with the federation.

Officers Are Honored.

Officers of the navy, who visited Venezuela when the Maine, North Carolina and Dolphin took William I. Buchanan to Caracas early in January to settle the disputes between this country and Venezuela, have been conferred decorations of the Order of the Bust of Bolivar.

Inefficient Service.

"Halloo, old chap, where are you off to?" said one man to another.

"I'm going over to the post-office to make complaint about the dilatory delivery."

"What's the trouble?"

"Why, that check you promised to send me ten days ago hasn't reached me yet."

When you have lost or found anything, telephone an advertisement to The Washington Herald, and bill will be sent you at 1 cent a word.

MANY GET DEGREES

Commencement Exercises at Gallaudet College.

INTERESTING OVATIONS GIVEN

Oral Speeches Translated Into Sign Language, and Vice Versa, that All Students Might Comprehend Invention Pronounced by Rev. Dr. Woodrow—Justice Brewer Present.

Commencement exercises at the forty-fifth anniversary of Gallaudet College were held yesterday in the chapel of the college. President Gallaudet presided. On either side of him on the stage sat Justice Brewer, Commissioner H. B. F. Macfarland, Theodore Noyes, Charles Bradley, secretary of the college; George X. McLaughlin, treasurer, and members of the faculty.

The invocation was pronounced by Rev. Samuel H. Woodrow, pastor of the First Congregational Church. Several interesting orations were delivered by the candidates for degrees, both in sign and oral language. When the candidates talked by signs a member of the faculty repeated the remarks orally for the benefit of the audience, and when the speeches were delivered orally they were translated into signs simultaneously so as to be comprehensible to those students who were unable to hear.

Some of Subjects Taken Up.

"Swearing peasant customs" was described in sign language by Ellen Dorothy Johnson, of Minnesota. Mary Edith Williams gave an oral talk on "Early Kansas."

The "penalty of humor" was the subject of the sign address by Frederick Joseph O'Donnell, of Minnesota, whose silent witlings brought forth peals of laughter. The best "signer," or silent orator, was Jessie Attarista Barsley, of South Dakota, whose vivid description of Devils Gulch and its frightful Indian massacres held the interest of the audience. "The mission of poetry" was discussed in a talk by Margaret Mary Leveck, of Michigan.

After the oration by the candidates, the presentation of degrees took place. Rev. Dr. Charles Wood, pastor of the Church of the Covenant, delivered an interesting address, in which he gave the students who were about to leave the college excellent advice for their future guidance in starting upon their different careers. The benediction was pronounced by Rev. Dr. Roland Cotton Smith, pastor of St. John's Church.

Candidates for Degrees.

The candidates for degrees were: Master of arts—Arthur L. Roberts, B. A., Gallaudet College; H. Lorraine Tracy, B. A., Gallaudet College; Ernestine Fayne Ball, M. A., Ohio State University; Orville Clark Cone, B. A., Colgate University, New York; Edwin Louis La Crosse, B. Ph., Union College, New York, and Frank Horace Reiter, B. A., Muhlenberg College, Pennsylvania.

Bachelor of arts—Jessie Attarista Barsley, Margaret Mary Leveck, Sarah Belle Streby, and Mary Edith Williams. Bachelor of philosophy—Frederick Joseph O'Donnell and Walter Frank Poshus.

Bachelor of letters—Robert Lee Davis, Morton Howard Henry, Ellen Dorothy Johnson, Harold Aldred Preston, and Josephine Josephine Ensworth, Baldwinbridge High School, New York.

On the reception committee were: Arthur Benedict Dillon, marshal; Gottlieb Burt, Philip Earl Cadwell, Francis Marion Holliday, Gilbert Jentoft Isacson, Philip Roeser Schroedel, Jr., and William Nathan Toomey.

Blames Telegraph Company for Accepting Husband's Messages.

Twenty or Thirty Telegrams Play Prominent Part in Her Divorce Suit.

New York, May 5.—Mary Blair Brokaw, wife of W. Gould Brokaw, has begun a damage suit for libel against the Western Union Telegraph Company, in the Supreme Court of Nassau County, where her suit for a separation from her husband is pending.

Mrs. Brokaw alleges that the Western Union Company, in accepting and transmitting certain messages written by her husband, libelled her. She contends that statements reflecting on her character in these messages were entirely groundless, and that the telegraph company in turning the messages over to its employees for transmission disseminated a libel against her.

Mrs. Brokaw instances in her complaint twenty or more messages which she alleges constitute libels. Some of these messages were sent to her mother, Mrs. Joseph A. Blair, of Chittenango, Chemung County, this State, and others to her sister, Mrs. J. H. Stokes, of New York. The messages are two or three that Mrs. Brokaw referred to in the complaint of her suit for a separation.

HAINS WINS POINT IN MURDER TRIAL

Continued from Page One.

The long hypothetical question had been read. Dr. Munson said the captain was insane.

When asked on direct examination to specify just what kind of insanity had been proved, Dr. Munson testified that the defendant had been launched into fine medical profundities.

Capt. Hains was the victim of acute mania, he said, on the day following the confession of guilt made to him by his wife. This gave way to impulsive insanity, he testified, the day upon which Capt. Hains shot Annis. Following this maniacal outburst, the defendant had sunk into a state of mental depression, or acute melancholia, which continued through October and into the month of November. Dr. Munson thought the captain had improved since, but he was not asked to state whether in his opinion Capt. Hains was sane at the present time.

Questions Annals' Record.

In opening his cross-fire of examination District Attorney De Witt tried to disqualify Dr. Munson's pretensions to being an expert on mental diseases. In his direct examination, the doctor had stated that he had testified as an expert in at least twelve court cases, but he could not cite more than five upon the behest of the interrogator.

The district attorney selected various incidents cited in the hypothetical question, and asked the witness what kind of insanity the defendant was possessed of on those several occasions. Dr. Munson seemed to find it hard to convince the prosecutor that there have been two schools in the study of mental disorders, and that the classification and nomenclature of one school has succeeded those of the other.

"Just how long did the impulsive insanity endure?" he asked, "before the time that the defendant heard the name of Annis on the dock of the Bay-side Yacht Club until after the last shot was fired?" was "witness" reply.

Mrs. William E. Annis, the widow of the murdered man, sat in the court room for a few minutes to-day. She will be called as a witness for the State in rebuttal.

There was about twenty other witnesses in rebuttal. Mrs. Clara Hains will not be one of them. De Witt stated definitely to-day.

School to Give Banquet.

The annual banquet of officers and teachers of Calvary Baptist School will be held to-morrow evening. The speakers will be James T. Lloyd, Miss Sarah E. Ellis, Prof. William A. Wilbur, Miss Harriet E. White, and Rev. S. H. Greene, D. D.

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You Can Always Have It Charged.

HECHT & COMPANY
513-515-517 7TH ST.

SAVE MONEY ON GROCERIES TO-DAY.

	Regular Price.	Sale Price.
SUGAR-CURED HAM	15c	12 1/2c
PILLSBURY'S FLOUR, 4 LB.	\$1.00	90c
SALMON STEAK, 1/2-LB. FLAT CANS	10c	8 1/2c
PEAS, FAMILY BRAND	10c	7 1/2c
STRING BEANS	10c	6 1/2c
PEANUT BUTTER, GLASS JAR	10c	5 1/2c
BLACK PEPPER, 1/4 LB.	10c	5 1/2c
BEST RICE, 3-LB. SACK	30c	21c
PINEAPPLE CUBES	10c	5c
PINEAPPLE CHUNKS	20c	11c
CAMPBELL'S CATSUP	10c	7 1/2c
MOLASSES, LARGE CAN	12c	8c
BONELESS BACON	20c	15c
GRANULATED SUGAR	6c	5c
SHOE PEG CORN	10c	8 1/2c
TOMATOES, "WIFE'S PRIDE" BRAND	10c	8 1/2c
LIMA BEANS	10c	7 1/2c
NUTMEGS (12), WITH GRATER	10c	5c
QUAKER PUFFED RICE	12c	8c
QUAKER ROLLED OATS	10c	8 1/2c
BEETS, VAN CAMP'S	15c	8c
LIFTON'S TEA, 4 LB.	35c	25c
LIFTON'S PERFECTION COFFEE	25c	20c
ONIX COFFEE	25c	18c

FIRST FLOOR, BALCONY.